



















Thanks to our Funders

- City of Providence
- Restore America's Estuaries SNEP program
- Rhode Island Foundation
- Audubon Society of Rhode Island
- The Nature Conservancy
- SNEP Network



Water Quality Monitoring and Analysis



Training and Curriculum Development



Natural Infrastructure Design Innovation

Training and Curriculum Development



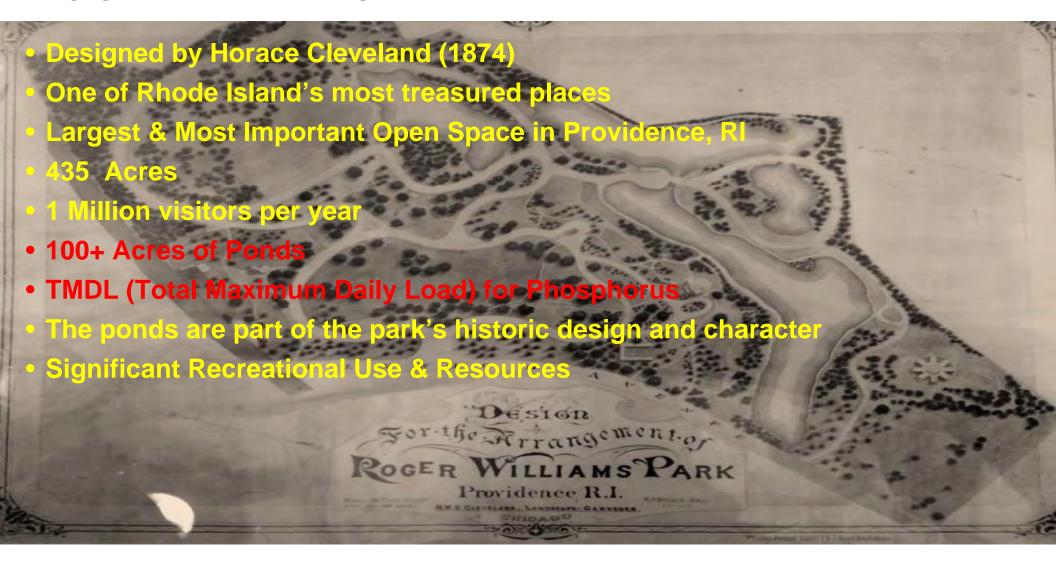


Natural Infrastructure Design Innovation

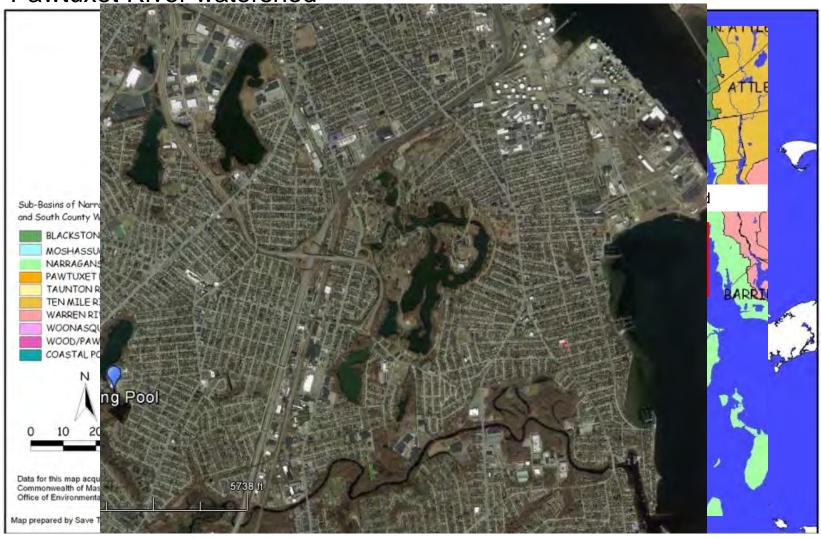


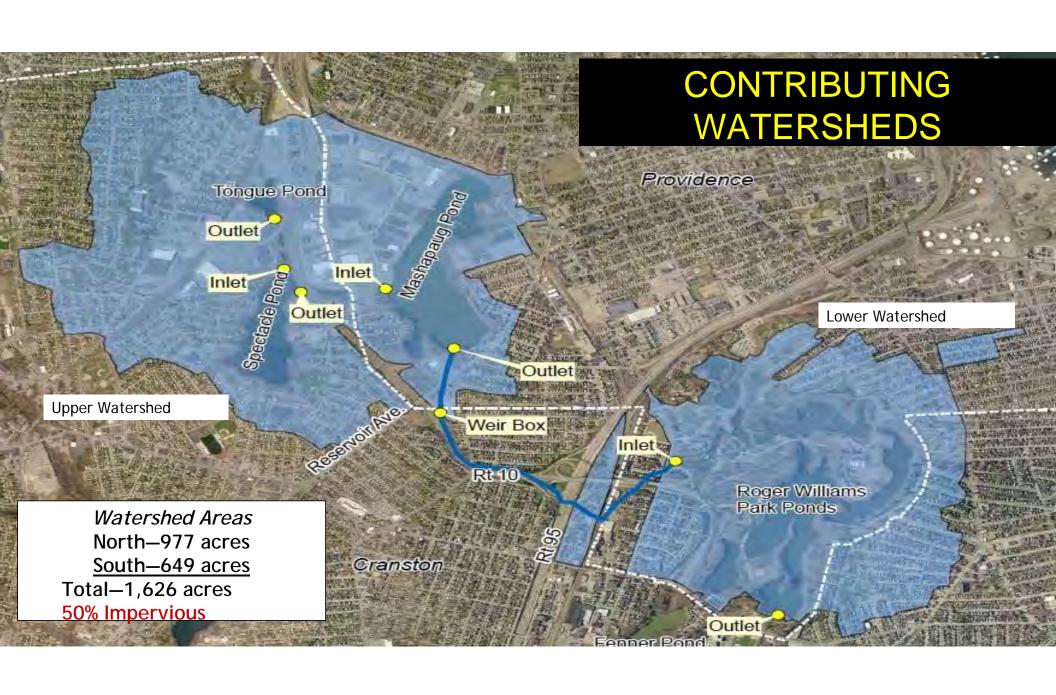


ROGER WILLIAMS PARK



Pawtuxet River watershed





Poor Water Quality - Cyanobacteria



City of Providence and RIDEM Execute Consent Agreement

Providence Forced to Invest in Stormwater System

March 09, 2017/ Jo Detz By ecoRI News staff

PROVIDENCE — Mayor Jorge Elorza recently signed an agreement with the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (DEM) to bring the city's stormwater management system into compliance with its Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System permit.

- ▶ Signed following a Notice of Violation issued by RIDEM with penalties of \$25,000 per day
- ▶City has seven (7) years to come into compliance with the EPAs Clean Water Act
- Items included in the agreement
 - Mapping of all 12,000 catch basins and piping
 - ▶Increased Efforts related to Stormwater Management
 - ►Increased Public Engagement Around Stormwater Prevention
 - Implementation of Green Infrastructure Projects in Roger Williams Park

Parks Department Capital Projects 2018-2019

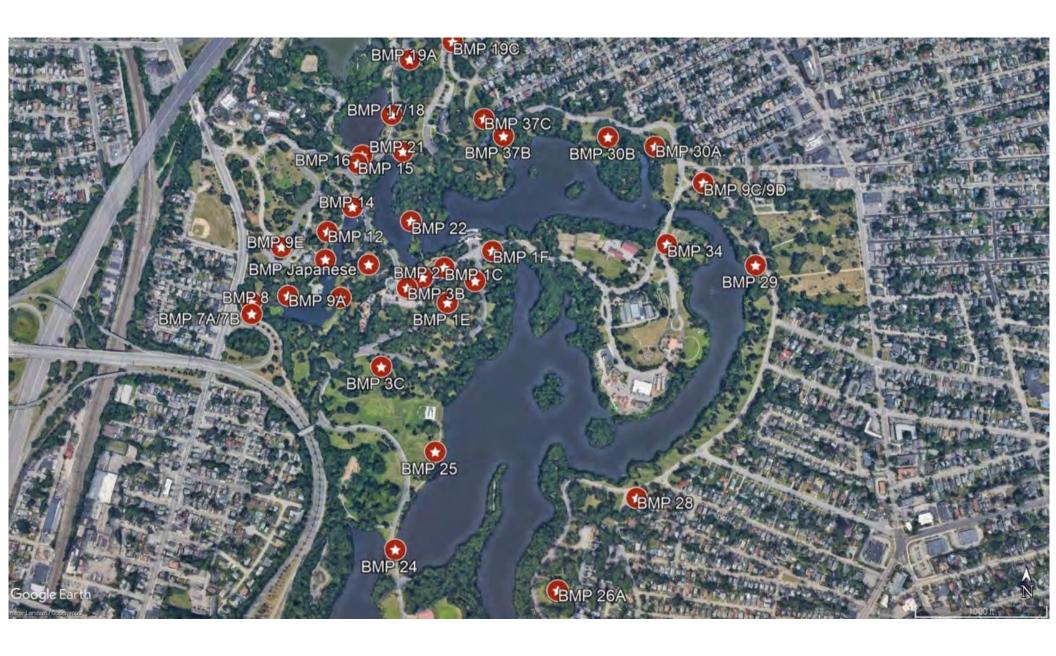
TTACHMENT T	O: CONSENT AGREEMENT; SECT	ION (C) AGREEMENT; ITEM (4); SUBSECTION (a); ITEM (III) 1			
oger Williams i	Park Ponds, Water Quality Manag	gement Plan (Horsley Witten Group, June 2013)			
roposed Projec	ts in Roger Williams Park				
SITE L.D.	LOCATION	<u>DES CRIPTION</u>	Status / Schedule	Budget	Current
RWP-3B	Carousel Parking Lot	Construct bioretention at entrance of parking lot for half of the	Complete	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00
		parking lot runoff; overflow into existing closed drainage system			
RWP-17/18	F.C. Greene Memorial Blvd.	Create paved flume/inlet structure direct road runoff to wet swale	Complete	\$149,000.00	\$149,000.00
		modify box culvert to crewt diversion structure; runoff to			
		bloretention swale			
RWP-24	F.C. Greene Mern. Blvd.	Increase buffer vegetation and reduce road width/impervious	Complete	\$162,000.00	\$162,000.00
	Between Cunliff and	surface; remove curb, add vegetated swale in buffer to catch			
	Deep Spring Lakes	water before it outfalls through existing spillway			
RWP-28	Intersection of Edgewood,	Remove pavement and add sand filter; Install paved flumes and	Complete	\$112,000.00	\$112,000.00
	Beachmont and F.C. Greene	forebays prior to main sand filter cell, design overflow structure			
	Memorial Blvd.	to connect to existing pipe outfall into the lake			
RWP-6	Roosevelt Lake	Pavement removal; raingardens and buffer restoration	Complete	\$300,000.00	\$300,000.00
	Across from Monument				
RWP- 1G	Shoreline Near Boathouse	Re-vegetate buffer area with low-growing grasses & shrubs	Complete	\$9,000.00	\$9,000.00
RWP-26	Bailfleid Erosion	Fine grading, stabilization, erosion control and seeding; swale	Complete	\$9,500.00	\$9,500.00
RWP-10	Casino Hiliside Erosion	Buffer Planting & Re-Seeding	Complete	\$3,300.00	\$3,300.00
RWP-4	F.C. Greene Mern. Blvd -East	Buffer Planting & Re-Seeding	Partially Complete	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
	of Japanese Garden		2018		

Parks Department Capital Projects 2018-2019 (2)

RWP-23	F.C. Greene Memorial Blvd.	Curb Removal only and areas of no-mow meadows	Curbing Complete	\$19,500.00	\$19,500.00
	by Temple of Music		Plantings Pending		
RWP-12	Ornamental Bridge	Diversion structure into a terraced bioretention under the bridge	Complete 2017	\$159,000.00	\$159,000.00
	North of Casino				
RWP-19A	Outfall at Polo Lake-Museum	Terraced Bioswale	FY2018	\$103,000.00	
RWP-2	Road by Carousel	Plant native material; augment soils and convert low area at yard	FV2018	\$18,600.00	
		drain to rain garden; shoreline buffer planting			
RWP-8	Island @ Elmwood Entrance	Fine grading, stabilization, erosion control and seeding; raingarden	FY2018	\$21,000.00	
RWP-9A	Hiliside Erosion South	Fine grading, stabilization, erosion control and seeding; pathway	FY2018	\$17,000.00	
	of Casino	removal			
RWP-22	Path Intersection by	Fine grading, stabilization, erosion control and seeding; knotweed	FY2018	\$15,000.00	
	Willow & Pleasure Lakes	removal			
RWP-1A	Pine Hill Ave	Bioretention Area	Complete	\$14,000.00	\$14,000.00
RWP-1B	Pine Hill & Maple	Bioretention Area	FY2018	\$16,000.00	
RWP-1E	Maple Ave	Dryswale	FY2018	\$21,500.00	
RWP-26A	F.C. Greene Mem. Blvd	WVTS	Complete	\$6,500.00	\$6,500.00
	Balifield				
RWP-268	F.C. Greene Mem. Blvd	WVTS	FV2018	\$9,500.00	
	Balifiold				
RWP-37A	History Museum Lot	Dry Swale	FY2018	\$7,000.00	
RWP-378	History Museum	Terraced Bioswale	FY2018	\$60,000.00	
	Memorial Blvd.				
RWP-37C	History Museum	Bioretention Area	FY2018	\$50,000.00	
	Babcock Street				
RWP 16	Hillaida Naar Polo Lake	Plant with native, low growing grasses and shrubs to stabilize and	FY2019	\$19,000.00	

Parks Department Capital Projects 2018-2019 (3)

f P-N from RWPP Report Page E-7; Table E.5			Belense to Complete:		\$1,396,800,00
revisions and are working with consultants to formalize pricing			Totals:	\$2.518.400.00	\$1.121.600.00
	uel project costs - construction co			Budget	Completed
RWP-30B	Merion Ave & F.C. Greene	WYTS	₹2021	\$215,000.00	
RWP-14	Polo Lake Near Rotary	Terraced Bioswele	-Y 2021 -Y 2021	\$67,530.00	
RWP-20	Willow Lake - Near Bridge North of Roosevelt Lake	Buffer Planting & Re-Seeding Shallow Bioretantion	Complete PY 2021	\$3,300.00 \$17,730.00	4 0,000.00
RWP-1C					\$3.300.00
RWP-3UA	Cladrastris Ave - Boathouse	Divamaje I euscad Pioamaje	-1 2020 -Y 2021	\$203,000.00	
RWP-30A	Wentworth Ave. Marion Ave & F.C. Greene	Terracad Bioswala	-Y2020	\$203,000.00	
RWP-29	Oakland Cemetary and	Terraced/Shallow Bioretantion	₹2020	\$85.000.00	
RWP-19C	Miller Ave	Biore tention Area	₹2020	\$115,000.00	
RWP 7B	Outfall at Poosevelt Lake	From Route 10 WVTS	Ongaing - RIDOT	\$11,000.00	\$11,000.00
RWP-7A	Rt 10 Off-Ramp	Infiltration Basin / Dry Swale	Ongaing - RIDOT	\$14,000.00	\$14,000.00
RWP-1F	Cladrastris Ave Intersection	Biore tention Area	₹2020	\$8,500.00	
	Polo Lake	plenting			
RWP-16	Hillside South of	Fine grading, stabilization, erosion control and seeding; buffer	Dup licete	\$19,000.00	\$19,000.00
	Willow & Pleasure Lakes	demage / tree removal; remove area of Jananese kno tweed			
RWP-22	Path intersection by	Re-vegetate erosion near stairs; replant area of recent storm	Dup licete	\$ 15,500.00	\$15,500.00
RWP-34	Botanical Center/Stables	Bioretention Area	-Y 2019	\$130,000.00	
RWP-19B	Outfall at Polo Lake-Tennis	Dry Swale	Complete	\$92,000.00	\$92,000.00
RWP-9E	Casino Entrance	Bioretention Area	-Y 2019	\$9.000.00	
RWP-9C/9D	Casino Parking Lct	Bioretention Area	-Y 2019	\$22,530.00	
RWP-3C	Cerousel Perking Lot	Bioretention Area	₹ 2019	\$23,500.00	
	Near Pleasure Lake				
RWP-21	Hillskie Erosion	Fine greating, stabilization, erosion control and seeding; planting	₹2019	\$25,000.00	
	of Casino	Plenting			
RWP-11	Hillside Erosion East	Fine greding, stabilization, erosion control and seeding; Burler	-Y 2019	\$12,000,00	
		plenting & re-seeding			





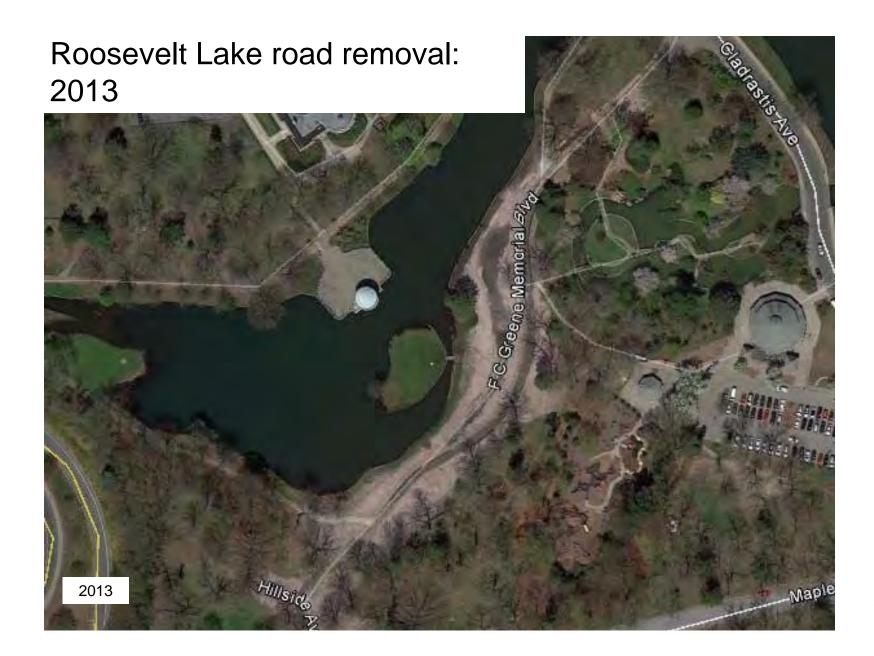


Roosevelt Lake road removal: 2013













Roosevelt Lake wet meadow









Roger Williams Park stormwater/green infrastructure demonstration site









Polo Lake stormwater infiltration: 2013





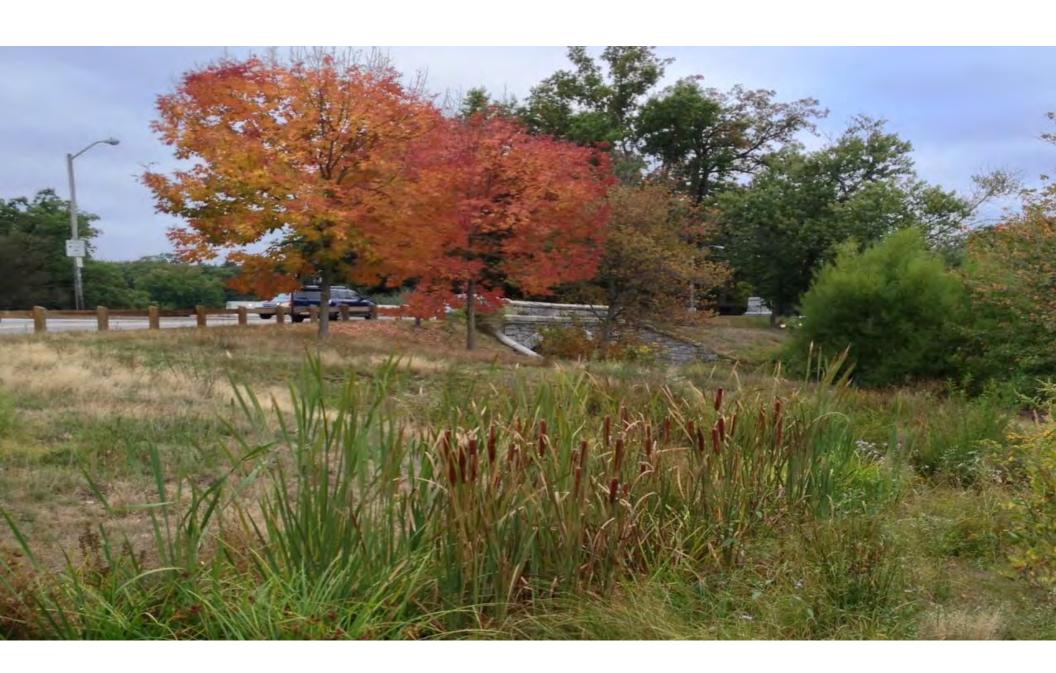














LESSONS LEARNED









LESSONS LEARNED









SITE 24





LESSONS LEARNED







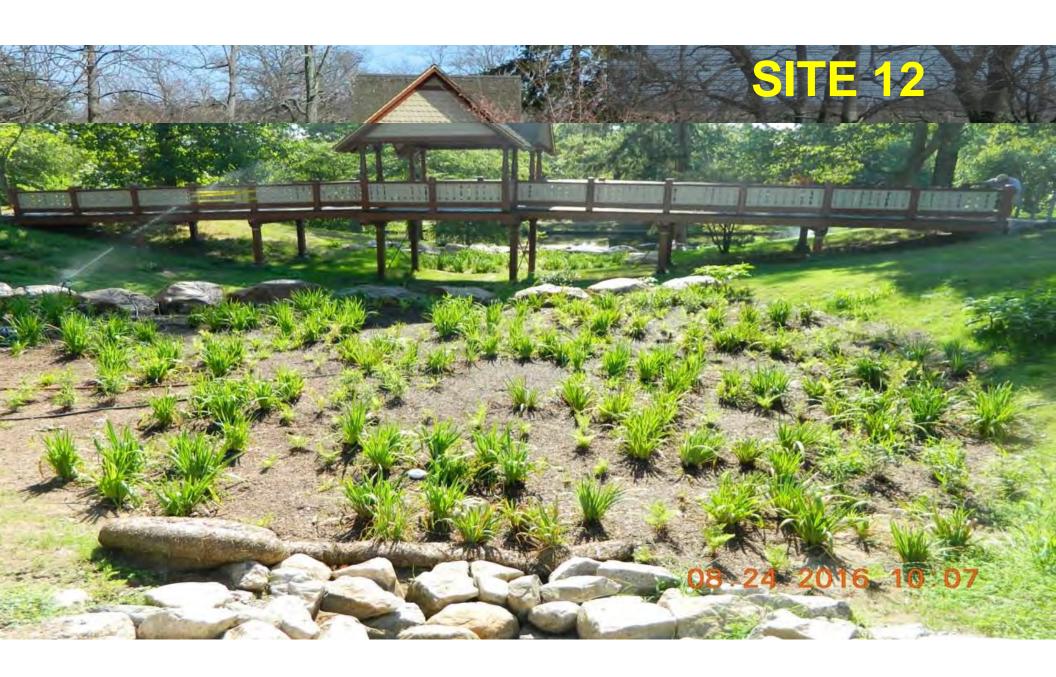


System Malfunction – Berm Elevation



Over Compaction

- Control Access
- Review Materials
- •Repair
- •Re-establish Proper Elevation for Water Direction





Breach in System Boulder Wall

Construction Practice

- Boulder Walls Need to be
 Set Higher in Terrace
- Mortar or Fill Voids in Boulder Walls
- •Confirm Overflow is Lower
 Than Boulder Wall



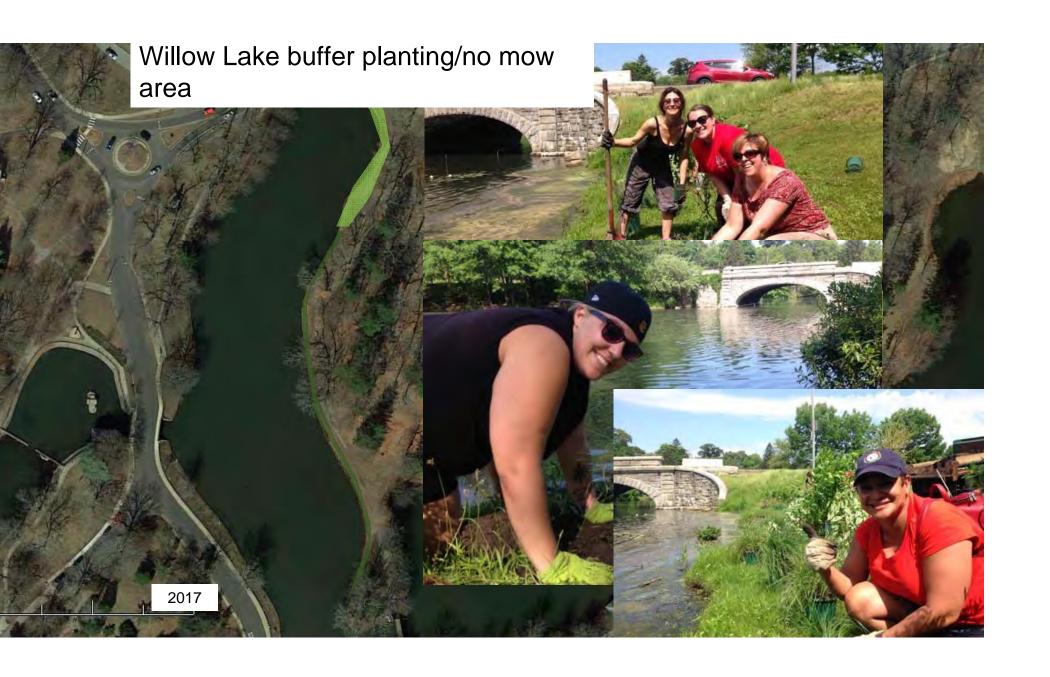
Additional Stormwater Elements

- Geese Control Egg Addling US Department of Agriculture
- Downspout Disconnection Program Pavers
- Lawn Signs for 'Stormwater Heroes"
- Rain Barrel Sale / Giveaway (DPW)
- Algae Water Treatments \$18k Per Year
- Street Sweeping & Catch Basin Cleaning
- Street Scuppers on Roadway Projects



Roger Williams Park stormwater infiltration: green curbs





Design Challenges at Roger Williams Park -

Visitors

Creating Places People Can Enjoy and Still Make Room for Green Infrastructure

- Lessons Learned Temple to Music
 - Impact of Installation on Events
 - Difficult to Control Behavior
 - Result Element not Functioning
 - Victims of Our Own Success
 Increased Activity Day and Night





Design Options - Economics

Re-Purposing Materials

- Element of Value Engineering
 - •Creating Weir Structures
 - · Used Granite or Pre-Cast Curbing
 - Base Materials
 - Recycled asphalt
 - •Fire Wood (Forestry Operations)
 - · Water Bars and Retaining Structures
 - · Appalachian Mtn. Club Guide
 - Used Brick and Cobblestones
 - Swales
 - .What is the Next Great Idea?
 - Tires, Trash or Mattresses



Perception and Impact on Activities

Element/Benefit

Shoreline Plantings

Discourages Geese

Selective Mowing on Hillsides

Filters Water & Prevents Erosion

Rain Gardens

Water Filtration

Aerating Fountains

Water Movement & Oxygen

Pavement Removal

Decreases Impermeable Area

Perception/Impact

Shoreline Plantings

Aggravates Fisherman

Selective Mowing on Hillsides

Not Doing Our Job – Golf Course Mentality

Rain Gardens

Love the Flowers – but Tics and Rodents

Aerating Fountains

Activates Park (Lit at Night) - Leak

Pavement Removal

Less Parking Spots

Maintenance Challenges

Funding

- Staffing to Maintain (42) Stormwater Sites with Budgets Cuts Etc.
- Huge Task for the Parks Department
- Outsourcing Needs Commitment Funding

Education

- Schools
- Adult Education Classes
- Adult Job Training
- Apprenticeship Programs



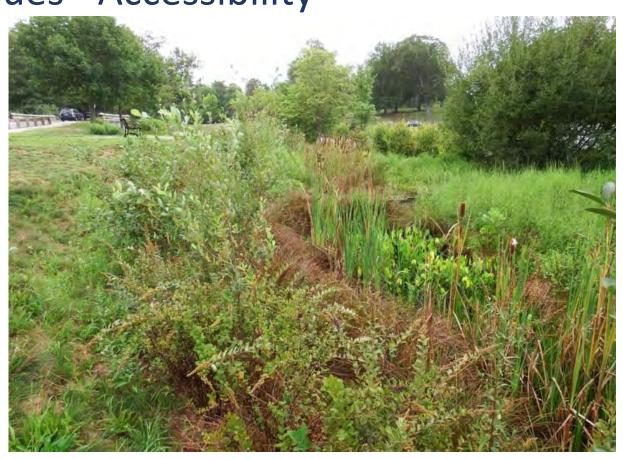
Design With Maintenance In Mind

- Use native plants that will not only flourish but will be easily identified by maintenance personnel
- Cost effective designs.
- Landscape material that does not require yearly installation mulch
- Forebays that are accessible and are easy to be clean out 'Drive By'
- Design GI systems based on what funding you will have for future maintenance.
- Always design the structure for who will be maintaining it.

Maintenance Issues - Accessibility

Proximity to Roadway

- Sediment Removal
- Large Basin
- Slopes
- Access To All Areas
- 'In Water' Access
- •Equipment Capabilities
- Design for Staff and Machinery



Maintenance Issues - Training

- •Experience of Crews
 - Equipment Operation
 - •Training
 - Plant Identification
- •Experience of Management
 - Landscape Architect
 - Botanical Center Manager
 - •Training
- ·Willingness to Adapt

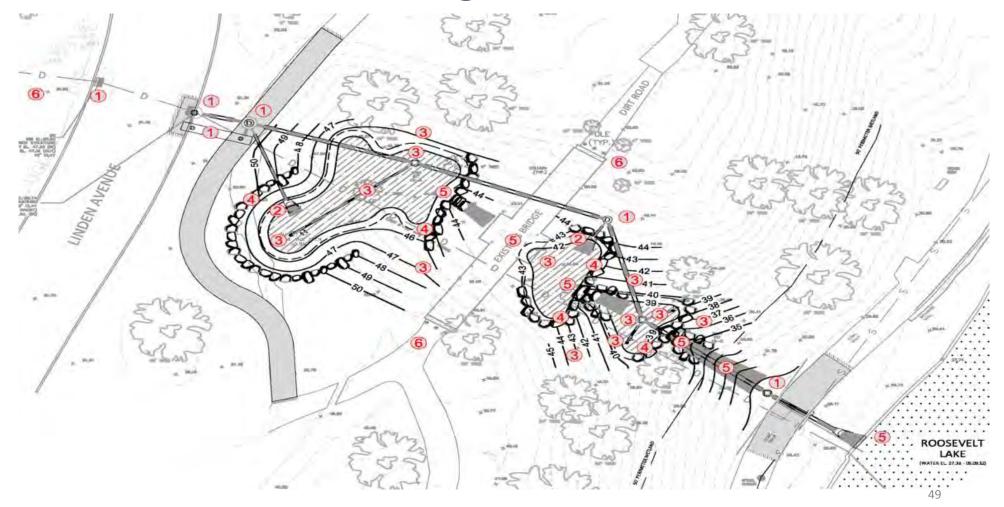


Maintenance Issues - Funding

Much More Expensive Than
 Traditional Catch Basins
 Labor Intensive = More Staff
 Commitment from City to Make
 Clean Water a Priority
 Compliance with the MS4 Permit and the Clean Water Act



Maintenance – Training - Plans



Roger Williams Park - Providence, RI Site 12 – Terraced Bioretention Operation and Maintenance Checklist

Date:

Time:

Inspector:

	Maintenance Item	Description	Maintenance Required? (Y/N)		
·	Drainage Structures: Includes: Manholes/Diversion Structures/Water Quality Units and Outlets Inspect annually and after major storm events (2" of rain or greater)				
	Debris	Remove all trash, leaf litter and debris.			
	Manholes/Diversion Structures/Outlets	Check for sediment accumulation that impacts inflow. If sediment accumulation. Schedule cleaning. Check for leaf litter and inlet clogging and clear.			
	ADS Water Quality Unit	Permanufacturers recommendations, See Appendix D of O&M manual.			
	Drainage Network	Check contributing and asscocaited catch basins, manholes and pipes for sedimentation/clogging			
2. Bioretention Inlet inspect annually and after major storm events (2" of rain or greater)					
	Debris	Remove all trash and debris from the swale and forebay.			
	Sediment/Organic Debris Removal	Check for sediment accumulation. Remove sediment as necessary			
	Vegetation Maintenance	Check to ensure vegetation is not blocking the inlet. Prune/thin vegetation as necessary. Remove undesirable woody vegetation and weeds.			
3) Bioretention System Inspect at least bi-annually and after major storm events the first year; then annually and after major storm events (2" of rain or greater)					
	Debris	Remove all trash and debris from the surface of the bioretention system.			
	Side Slopes	Check for signs of erosion gullies, animal burrowing, or slumping. Repair as necessary.			
	Sediment	Check for sediment accumulation that impacts infiltration. Remove any sediment accumulation and properly dispose.			

Maintenance Item	Description	Maintenance Required? (Y/N)			
Vegetation Maintenance / Replacement	Check for erosion and signs of scouring. Remove and replace III-established, dead or severely diseased plants annually. Remove undesirable woody vegetation and weeds. See Sheet LA-1 of Construction Plans for appropriate species. Grasses should be cut back annually in the spring.				
Overflow Structure	Checkfor sediment accumulation that impacts inflow. If sediment accumulation. Schedule cleaning. Checkfor leaf litter and inlet clogging.				
Water Draining properly	If standing water is observed in the bioretention area 48 hours after a storm event: Check cleanouts for underdrain clogging. See plans Aerate/Rototill the bottom 6 inches to breakup any hard-packed sediment, and replenished with mulch				
4. Boulder Walls Inspect annually and after major storm events (2" rain or greater)					
Boulder Walls	Checkfor wall settlement, areas of erosion or water seepage. Repair as necessary.				
5 Emergency Spillways Inspect annually and after major storm events (2" rain or greater)					
Emergency Spillways	Check for settling gullying, erosion damage or settling. Repair as necessary and return to design grades.				
Overflow	Look for areas of erosion in the overflow swale between bioretention areas. Repair as necessary.				
6 Routine Grounds Maintenance Inspect annually or as needed.					
Debris	Remove trash from perimeter areas.				
Pavement Sweeping	Sweep roads minimum once a year after spring thaw.				
Contributing drainage area	Check for erosion/sediment sources from the surrounding area				
*Sediment shall be disposed of offsite in a pre-approved location. Comments:					

1 of 2

Action to be Taken:

W

50

2 of 2

Plants to be removed

Trees/shrubs

Cottonwood

Populus sp.



Pussy willow Salix discolor



Willow Salix sp.



Plants to be removed

Tulip Tree Liriodendron tulipifera



Maple Acersp.



Staghorn Sumac Rhus typhina





Plants to be removed

Grassy

Common Reed
Phragmites australis



Herbaceous

Eastern Daisy Fleabane Erigeron annuus



Pokeweed Phytolacca Americana





Plants to be removed

Smartweed Polygonum persicaria







Mugwort Artemisia vulgaris







Perennial sowthistle Sonchus arvensis







Plants to be removed

Vines

Bittersweet Nightshade Solanum dulcamara







Oriental Bittersweet Celastrus orbiculatus







Japanese beach rose Rosa multiflora





Sources:

Photos for

Maintenance Documentation

Greencities – Work Force



Awareness



Education - Schools and Public



Nature is at work here!

We're creating a healthy community! This site uses nature to clean dirty stormwater and reduce flooding.

www.greeninfrastructureri.org



Clean Uses plants and soilsto filter out pollution.



Protect Absorbs rain and reduces flooding.



Economy Reduces utility bills and creates local jobs.

What's happening here?



William D'Abate Elementary Rain Garden

Cool Replaces hard surfaces that hold heat.











5th Graders here helped plant this rain garden to hold and clean rain water coming off of the school roof. Plants native to RI beautify the school while making food for butterflies. This garden will also help reduce flooding in the Woonasquatucket River at Riverside Park.





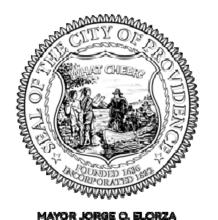






Signage in Areas People Visit or Pass By





'Park'nerships That Work







CITY OF PROVIDENCE





- 1916 - 2016 -











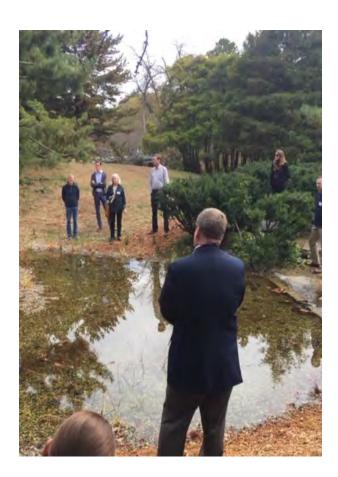


Monitoring Plan

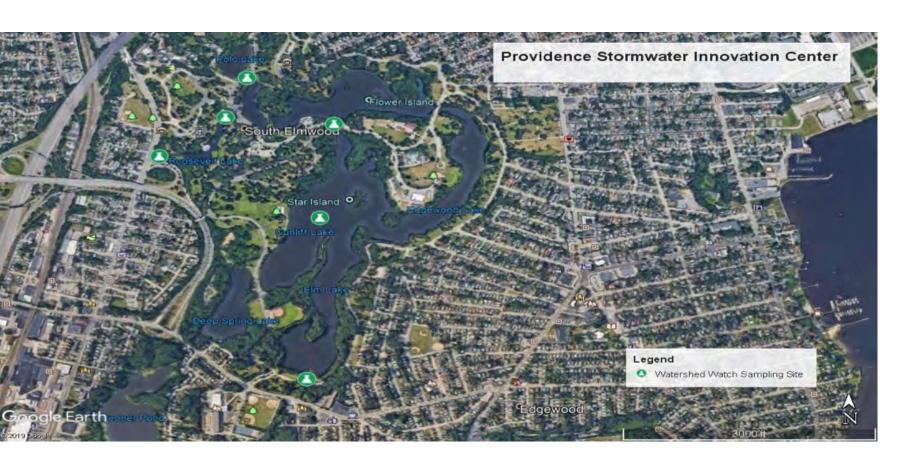


Types of monitoring:

- Water Quality
- Water Quantity
- Picture Posts
- Cyanobacteria
- Visual Inspection of BMPs



Water Quality URI Watershed Watch Volunteer Monitoring Program



URI Watershed Watch Volunteer Monitoring Program

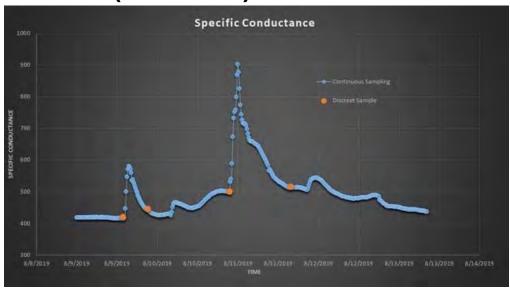
<u>PARAMETERS</u>	FREQUENCY
Dissolved Oxygen, Temperature	Weekly
Chlorophyll-a	Bi-Weekly
Nutrients, bacteria, alkalinity, pH	3 times per year



Continuous Water Quality Monitoring

- Data logged every 5 minutes (Inflow and Outflow)
- Nitrogen and Phosphorous (Spectro::Lyser)
- Temperature, Specific Conductance, pH, Dissolved Oxygen, Fluorescent dissolved organic matter (YSI-EXO2)



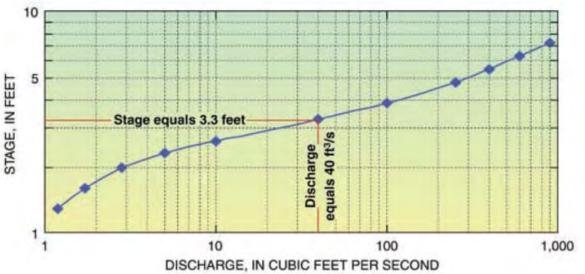


Water Quantity Monitoring

 Continuous Water Level and Streamflow monitoring (Inflow and Outflow)

• Precipitation Monitoring

• BMP Volume Monitoring



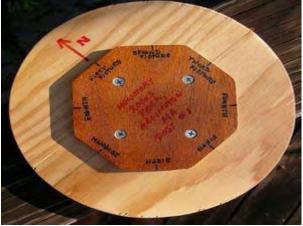


Picture Post Monitoring

- Community Involvement
- Document changes of BMPs over time
- Visually document timing of algal blooms

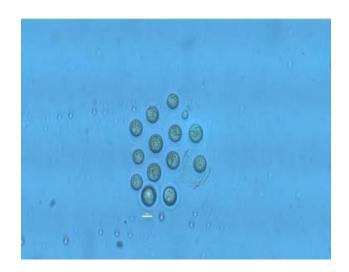


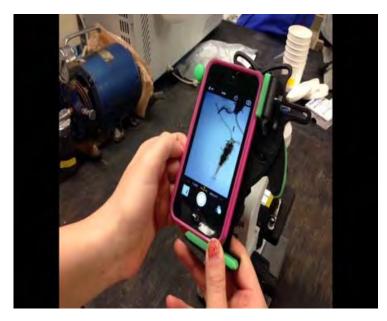




Cyanobacteria Monitoring

- •Organize Volunteers to participate in Cyanobacteria Monitoring Collaborative
- Bloomwatch App
- Cyanoscope Training







Visual Inspections of BMPs

- Inlet and outlet are functioning
- Invasive plants
- Trash, debris, leaves
- Excessive sediment in forebay
- Water draining properly





DISCUSSION:

How could the Stormwater Innovation Center support your work?

www.stormwaterinnovation.org

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Sheila Dormody

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